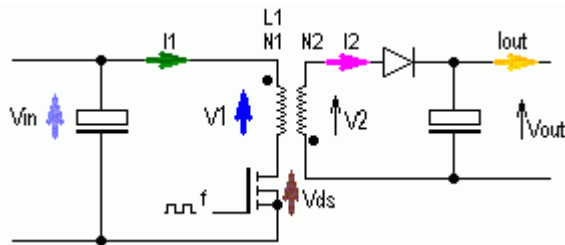


Home Help Print

## Fly-back Converter



$V_{in\_min}$  / V  $V_{in\_max}$  / V  $V_{in}$  / V for the calculations

400 400 400

$V_{out}$  / V  $I_{out}$  / A  $f$  / kHz

24 4 50

Calculate

☒ Proposal  $L_1$  / H : 4.049E-3

Transformer Data

☐ Proposal  $N_1 / N_2$  : 5

The values of all input fields can be changed.

The proposed values for  $L_1$  and for the turns ratio  $N_1 / N_2$  are chosen such that the converter works at the border between continuous and discontinuous mode for the average input voltage and with a duty cycle of 50%.

**Tip:** The higher  $N_2$ , the lower the maximum transistor voltage  $V_{ds}$  during its blocking phase.

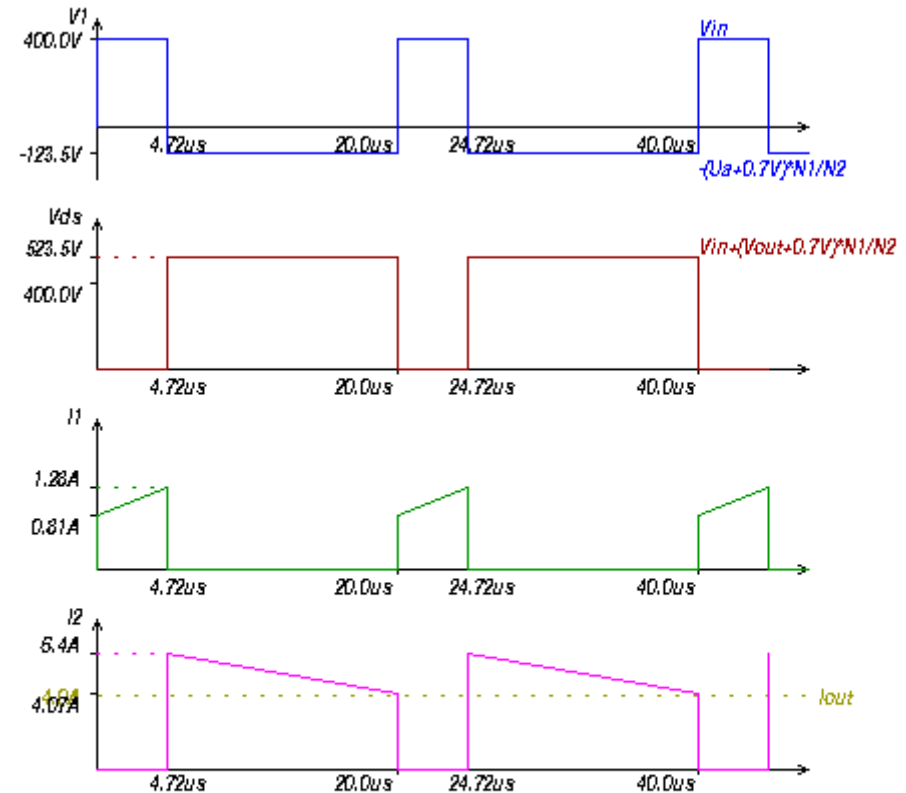
**Tip:** The lowest size of the transformer is achieved if the converter works at the border between continuous and discontinuous mode for  $V_{in\_min}$ .

**Tip:** The highest voltage  $V_{ds}$  occurs when  $V_{in} = V_{in\_max}$ .

Print Save

## Flyback Converter

|                        |                        |                   |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| $V_{in\_min} = 400.0V$ | $V_{in\_max} = 400.0V$ | $V_{in} = 400.0V$ |
| $V_{out} = 24.0V$      | $I_{out} = 4.0A$       | $f = 50.0kHz$     |
| $L = 4.05mH$           | $N_1/N_2 = 5.0$        |                   |



By [Dr. Heinz Schmidt-Walter](http://schmidt-walter-schaltnetzteile.de), Holger Wenzel, Thomas Zänker, Richard Morgan and Johnalan Kegan.